

## Article 9 – Chief Officers

### 9.1 Management Structure

- (a) **General.** The Council may engage such staff (referred to as officers) as it considers necessary to carry out its functions. Apart from those officers referred to in (b) immediately below, all officers are appointed by the Chief Executive.
- (b) **Chief Officers.** Members will appoint staff for the following posts, who will be designated Chief Officers:

Chief Executive (Head of Paid Service)  
Deputy Chief Executive  
Executive Director Children and Young People  
Executive Director Adults, Communities and Health  
Director of Resources (Chief Finance Officer / Section 151 Officer)  
Executive Director Assurance  
Director of Public Health and Prevention

#### Delegated Authority to Chief Executive and Chief Officers

(i) Chief Officers (Deputy Chief Executive, Executive Directors for Adults, Assurance, Children and Resources) have the following delegated powers in respect of all matters which are not key decisions (as defined in Article 2) and not reserved for decision by the Council or by a Committee of the Council:

(a) to make decisions and approve expenditure relating to their functions and the functions of their Department, where necessary in accordance with (b) and (c) below, and providing (1) that the sum expended is within the approved budget for the Department and/or relevant portfolio, and (2) the amount in relation to any single matter does not exceed £213,478.

(b) to determine employment matters relating to staff including all changes to staffing structures. This power will not include changes to terms and conditions of employment or additional payments to any individual member of staff above £100K.

(c) to approve tender strategies and award contracts in accordance with the Council's Contract Procedure Rules within Part 2 of the Constitution.

(d) the Chief Executive has all the above delegated authority and as may be necessary, determine which Department discharges any particular Council function if this is not clear.

Discretion to Refer Matters to Members: Where a Chief Officer believes that a matter that is within their delegated authority is significant or sensitive they have the discretion to refer it to Members for decision.

(ii) These powers may be delegated further under a Scheme of Delegation and powers are also delegated to all officers in accordance with their job description and department budget.

(iii) Officers should ensure that delegated powers are exercised in accordance with relevant Council policies and procedures and all decisions with a value of £50,000 or more made by officers under delegated powers should be listed in writing and a copy of the list for each Department produced to the Chief Executive and the Leader on the 30<sup>th</sup> September and 31<sup>st</sup> March of each year.

(iv) The Chief Executive and Chief Officers may exercise voting rights at general meetings of companies of which the Council is a member or by written resolution and may take any necessary action to protect, safeguard and effectively manage the Council's interest in such companies.

**(c) Statutory Officers**

The Council will designate the following posts as shown:

Post	Statutory Designation
Chief Executive	Head of Paid Service
Monitoring Officer	Monitoring Officer
Director of Resources	Chief Finance Officer / Section 151 Officer
Executive Director, Children and Young People	Director of Children's Services
Executive Director, Adults Communities and Health	Director for Adult Social Services
Director of Public Health and Prevention	Director of Public Health

**(d) Statutory Officers**

The Council will appoint officers to the following statutory posts:

- Electoral Registration Officer
- Registrar for Births Deaths and Marriages
- Data Protection Officer
- Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)
- Chief Internal Auditor
- Virtual Headteacher

## 9.2 Functions of Head of Paid Service

- (a) **Discharge of functions by the Council.** The Head of Paid Service will report to full Council on the manner in which the discharge of the Council's functions is co-ordinated, the number and grade of officers required for the discharge of functions and the organisation of officers.
- (b) **Restriction of functions.** The Head of Paid Service may not be the Monitoring Officer, but may hold the post of Chief Finance Officer if a qualified accountant.
- (c) The Head of Paid Service has authority over all other chief officers so far as is necessary for efficient management and for carrying out the Council's functions.

## 9.3 Functions of the Monitoring Officer

- (a) **Maintaining the Constitution.** The Monitoring Officer, assisted by the Head of Governance will maintain an up-to-date version of the Constitution and will ensure that it is available for consultation by Members, officers and the public.
- (b) **Amendments to the Constitution.** The Monitoring Officer has authority to make minor housekeeping amendments to the Constitution following consultation with the Chair of the Constitution & General Purposes Committee.
- (c) **Ensuring lawfulness and fairness of decision-making.** After consulting with the Head of Paid Service, the Monitoring Officer will report to the Full Council if s/he considers that any proposal, decision or omission which is referred by Harrow and Barnet Public Law or which is otherwise notified to him/her, would give rise to unlawfulness or if any decision or omission so referred would give rise to maladministration. Such a report will have the effect of stopping the proposal or decision being implemented until the report has been considered.
- (d) **Ensuring lawfulness and fairness of council operating procedures.** After consulting with the Head of Governance and the relevant senior line manager the Monitoring Officer will report to the Head of Paid Service any council process or procedure which s/he considers would give rise to unlawfulness or if any such process or procedure would give rise to maladministration.
- (e) **Attending Full Council and Policy & Resources Committee.** As Monitoring Officer attending and advising at Full Council and Policy & Resources Committee.
- (f) **Supporting the Constitution and General Purposes Committee.** The Monitoring Officer, assisted by the Head of Governance, will contribute to the promotion and maintenance of high standards of conduct through provision of support to the Constitution & General Purposes Committee.

- (g) **Conducting investigations.** The Monitoring Officer will conduct or appoint Officers or others to conduct investigations into allegations of breach of the Member Code of Conduct. Then s/he or they will make reports and recommendations in respect of such allegations in accordance with the procedure for handling complaints against Members.
- (h) **Providing legal advice.** The Monitoring Officer will provide advice to Members, Chief Executive, Chief and Senior Officers as may be requested or necessary to discharge the statutory duties of the Monitoring Officer and covering inter alia the scope of powers and authority to take decisions and maladministration.
- (i) **Register of Members Interests.** The Monitoring Officer, assisted by the Head of Governance, will keep and maintain the Register of Members Interests and ensure its availability to the public.

#### 9.4 Functions of the Chief Finance Officer / Section 151 Officer

- (a) **Ensuring lawfulness and financial prudence of decision-making.** After consulting with the Head of Paid Service and the Monitoring Officer, the Chief Finance Officer will report to the full Council and the council's external auditor if he or she considers that any proposal, decision or course of action will involve incurring unlawful expenditure, or is unlawful and is likely to cause a loss or deficiency or if the council is about to enter an item of account unlawfully.
- (b) **Estimates and resources.** In accordance with the Local Government Act 2003 to advise on robustness of estimates and level of resources.
- (c) **Administration of financial affairs.** The Chief Finance Officer will have responsibility for the administration of the financial affairs of the council.
- (d) **Providing financial advice.** The Chief Finance Officer will provide advice on the scope of powers and authority to take decisions, maladministration, financial impropriety, probity and budget and policy framework issues to all councillors and will support and advise councillors and officers in their respective roles.
- (e) **Give financial information.** The Chief Finance Officer will provide financial information to the media, members of the public and the community.
- (f) **Pensions governance.** The Chief Finance Officer will provide support to the Pension Fund Committee and Local Pension Board.
- (g) **Debt Management.** The Chief Finance Officer will in consultation with HB Public Law write off debt amounts up to and including £5,000

#### 9.5 Functions of the Director of Children's Services

- (a) The Council as a children's services authority is required by the Children Act 2004 to appoint an officer to be known as the Director of Children's Services. The Executive Director, Children and Young People will fulfil the role of the Director of Children's Services.

- (b) The Director of Children's Services is responsible for the delivery of the Council's education and social services functions for children, and any health functions for children delegated to the Council by an NHS body and as required by the Children Act 2004.

## **9.6 Functions of the Director of Adult Social Services**

- (a) The Executive Director, Adults Communities and Health will fulfil the role of the Director for Adult Social Services as required by the Local Authority Health Social Services Act 1970, as amended by the Children Act 2004.
- (b) The Strategic Director, Adults Communities and Health is responsible for the delivery of the Council's social services functions, other than those for which the Council's Director of Children's Services is responsible under the Children Act 2004.

## **9.7 Functions of the Director of Public Health (DPH)**

- (a) The DPH is responsible for writing the Annual Report on the health of the local population.
- (b) The DPH is responsible for all of the local authority's duties to take steps to improve public health.
- (c) The DPH is responsible for exercising the local authority's functions in planning for, and responding to, emergencies that present a risk to public health.
- (d) The DPH is responsible for exercising the local authority's role in co-operating with the Police, the Probation Service and the Prison Service to assess the risks posed by violent or sexual offenders.
- (e) The DPH is responsible for the local authority's public health response as a responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003, such as making representations about licensing applications.
- (f) The DPH is responsible for exercising the local authority's duties to ensure plans are in place to protect their population including through screening and immunisation.

## **9.8 Duty to provide sufficient resources to the Monitoring Officer and Chief Finance Officer**

The Council will provide the Monitoring Officer and Chief Finance Officer with such officers, accommodation and other resources as are in their reasonable opinion sufficient to allow their duties to be performed.

## **9.9 Conduct**

Officers will comply with the Officers' Code of Conduct and the Protocol on Member/Officer Relations set out in this Constitution.

#### **9.10 Employment**

The recruitment, selection and dismissal of officers will comply with the Human Resources (HR) Regulations.